NC STATE INVESTMENT FUND, INC.

FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2024 and 2023

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NC STATE UNIVERSITY

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Williams Overman Pierce, LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors NC State Investment Fund, Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of NC State Investment Fund, Inc. (the "Fund"), a nonprofit organization and a component unit of North Carolina State University, which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of changes in net position for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of NC State Investment Fund, Inc., as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in net position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of NC State Investment Fund, Inc., and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about NC State Investment Fund, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

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Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the NC State Investment Fund, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the NC State Investment Fund, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.



We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise NC State Investment Fund, Inc.'s basic financial statements. The supplementary information on pages 24 and 25 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 23, 2024 on our consideration of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Fund's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Williams Dverman Pierce, LLP

Greensboro, North Carolina August 23, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

INTRODUCTION

This discussion and analysis provides an introduction and overview of the financial position and activities of the NC State Investment Fund, Inc. (the "Fund") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 with comparative information for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Management has prepared the discussion and analysis, which should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the note disclosures. The Fund is a North Carolina not-for-profit organization exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and was established to operate a pooled investment vehicle for North Carolina State University (the "University"), the Endowment Fund of the University (the "Endowment Fund"), and other University-associated entities.

The Fund was established in 1998 and began operations in April 1999. The Fund is classified as a governmental external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") as an investment company, but has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The original pool, the long-term investment pool (the "LTIP"), was established as an external pooled investment vehicle for the Endowment Fund and other University-associated entities' endowed funds. In July 2014, the Fund established a second pool, the NC State Intermediate Term Fund (the "ITF"), as a vehicle to invest the excess operating cash of these entities.

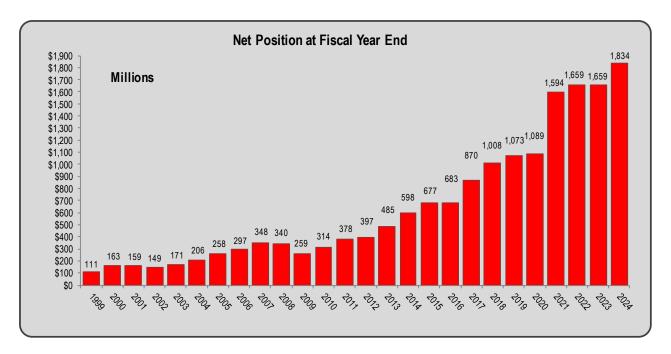
Included in this report are the Statements of Net Position, Statements of Changes in Net Position, Notes to the Financial Statements, and Participants' Net Position Graph. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the presentation and disclosure requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The GASB pronouncements establish financial reporting standards for all state and local governments and related entities.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Long-Term Investment Pool ("LTIP")

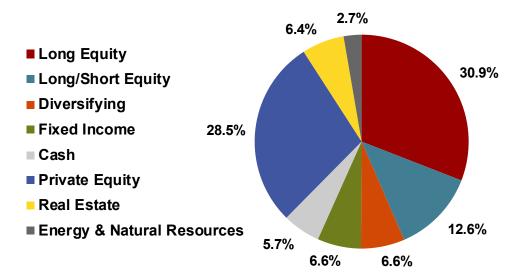
The primary investment objective for the LTIP is to earn a total return (net of investment and custodial fees) within prudent levels of risk, sufficient to maintain in real terms the purchasing power of the LTIP and to meet the spending needs of the participants. To help meet this investment objective, the LTIP invests in various asset classes to offer diversification. The purpose of diversification is to provide reasonable assurance that no single security or class of securities will have a disproportionate impact on the performance of the total fund.

As shown in the chart on the next page, since the LTIP's inception in April 1999, net position has increased to \$1.834 billion, which consists of approximately \$1.240 billion in additions (\$283 million of which is from initial positions added to the Fund), \$1.260 billion in net earnings and appreciation, minus \$666 million in participant spending withdrawals. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, change in net position was attributable to approximately \$53 million in additions, \$196 million in net earnings and appreciation, minus \$74 million in participant spending withdrawals.



During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the LTIP continued its investment with UNC Management Company ("UNCMC"). UNCMC provides investment management services to the constituent institutions of the UNC System through a pooled investment vehicle called the UNC Investment Fund ("UNCIF"). The LTIP began investing its non-committed assets with UNCIF effective July 2008 with completion of the transition occurring December 2009 and has a 12% membership interest in UNCIF as of June 30, 2024.

The LTIP asset allocation as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:



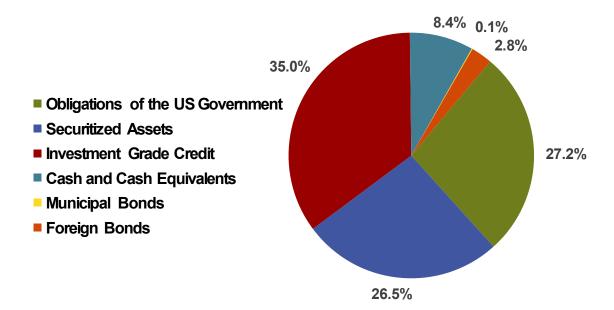
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the LTIP experienced a net investment return of 11.8% compared to the policy benchmark of 14.2%. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the LTIP experienced a net return of 1.2% compared to the policy benchmark return of 12.1%. The LTIP's annualized 5-year return as of June 30, 2024 was 10.7% as compared to the policy benchmark of 9.3% and UNCIF's return of 11.2%.

Intermediate Term Fund ("ITF")

The ITF was established on July 3, 2014 with an initial investment of \$122 million and with additional investments has grown to \$342.5 million as of June 30, 2024. The ITF consists of participants' excess operating cash balances, which are defined as funds not needed for normal operating purposes. Generally, the ITF will not include funds needed within the next year, endowed funds, or those funds that are specifically excluded by law or contractual agreement. Earnings of the ITF are reinvested until an operational need arises.

The primary objective for the ITF is to provide a margin of safety in the unlikely event that the short term operating cash pool is insufficient to meet any current or unplanned expenditure. A secondary objective is to provide enhanced financial flexibility during any unexpected market disruption when commingled funds can be susceptible to redemption risk. The investment of funds shall consider asset diversification, total return, suitability, and the experiences, quality and capability of external managers. The investment policy calls for an average weighted maturity between one and five years.

The ITF asset allocation as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:



For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the ITF experienced a net investment return of 6.2% compared to the Bloomberg University 1-5 Year Bond Index of 5.2%. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the ITF experienced a net return of 1.7% compared to the Bloomberg Universal 1-5 Year Bond Index of 0.8%. The SEC Yield for the fund was 5.3% and 5.1% for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The SEC Yield is based on a formula mandated by the SEC that allows fairer comparison of bond mutual funds or exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"). The yield figure approximates the yield an investor would receive in a year by assuming that bonds in the portfolio are held to maturity, all dividends and interest income reinvested, and all fees and expenses deducted.

USING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Fund's Annual Financial Report includes the following four components:

- Statements of Net Position
- Statements of Changes in Net Position
- Notes to the Financial Statements
- Supplementary Information:
 - Participants' Net Position Graph (LTIP)

COMPARATIVE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENT INFORMATION

Condensed Statements of Net Position

The Condensed Statements of Net Position present the financial position of the Fund at the end of the fiscal years and include all assets and liabilities of the Fund by pool. Net position represents the difference between total assets and total liabilities and is one indicator of the financial condition of the Fund.

The following table summarizes and compares the LTIP's assets, liabilities, and net position at June 30:

	2024 2023
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Long-term investments, at fair value	\$ 54,447,645 \$ 105,603,696 1,780,173,189 1,554,334,155
Total Assets	1,834,620,834 1 ,659,937,851
Liabilities Payables - current	\$ 712,745 \$ 736,354
Total Liabilities	712,745 736,354
Net Position - Restricted	1,833,908,089 1,659,201,497
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 1,834,620,834 \$ 1,659,937,851

Cash and cash equivalents include the amount held in the STIF. As of June 30, 2024, payables represent amounts due for investment management fees. As of June 30, 2023, payables represent amounts due for investment management fees and custodial fees.

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The following table summarizes the ITF's assets, liabilities, and net position at June 30:

	2024 2023	2023		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Intermediate term investments, at fair value	\$ 			
Total Assets	\$ 342,514,600 \$ 322,775,14	4		
Liabilities Payables - current Total Liabilities	\$ - \$ 19,59 - 19,59			
Net Position - Restricted	342,514,600 322,755,54	8		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 342,514,600 \$ 322,775,14	4		

Cash and cash equivalents include the amount held in the STIF. Payables represent amounts due for custodial fees.

Condensed Statements of Changes in Net Position

The Condensed Statements of Changes in Net Position represent the Fund's results of operations.

The following table summarizes and compares the LTIP's changes in net position for the years ended June 30:

	2024	2023
Operating Income		
Investment appreciation, net	\$ 202,669,126	\$ 25,236,268
Total Operating Income	202,669,126	25,236,268
Operating Expenses		
Investment management fees	6,286,592	5,912,282
Investment custodial fees	205,349	178,706
Other expenses	984,074	808,295
Total Operating Expenses	7,476,015	6,899,283
Net Operating Gains	195,193,111	18,336,985
Participant Additions	53,113,817	100,909,760
Participant Withdrawals	(73,600,336)	(118,759,474)
Total Net (Withdrawals) Additions	(20,486,519)	(17,849,714)
Change in Net Position	174,706,592	487,271
Net Position		
Beginning of year	1,659,201,497	1,658,714,226
End of year	\$ 1,833,908,089	\$ 1,659,201,497

The following table summarizes the ITF's changes in net position for the years ended June 30:

	2024	2023		
Operating Income Investment appreciation, net	\$ 20,150,054	\$ 5,531,267		
Total Operating Income	20,150,054	5,531,267		
Operating Expenses				
Investment management fees	294,275	175,240		
Investment custodial fees	55,677	49,912		
Other expenses	41,050	55,219		
Total Operating Expenses	391,002	280,371		
Change in Net Position	19,759,052	5,250,896		
Net Position				
Beginning of year	322,755,548	317,504,652		
End of year	\$ 342,514,600	\$ 322,755,548		

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the financial statements taken as a whole. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the Fund's financial statements.

Supplementary Information

The supplementary information section on pages 24 through 25 includes the Participants' Net Position Graph for the LTIP at June 30, 2024 and 2023. This information is not mandatory but is included to provide details for the participants of the Fund.

Contacting the NC State Investment Fund, Inc.

An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the Foundations Accounting and Investments home page at *https://investments.ofa.ncsu.edu/ncsif-information/* or by calling (919) 513-7149.

NC State Investment Fund, Inc.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NC State Investment Fund, Inc. Statements of Net Position June 30, 2024 and 2023

ASSETS		
	2024	2023
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 1 and 2)	\$ 56,185,235	\$ 109,220,029
Total Current Assets	 56,185,235	109,220,029
Noncurrent Assets		
Intermediate term investments, at fair value (Notes 1 and 2)	340,777,010	319,158,811
Long-term investments, at fair value (Notes 1 and 2)	1,780,173,189	1,554,334,155
Total Noncurrent Assets	 2,120,950,199	1,873,492,966
Total Assets	\$ 2,177,135,434	\$ 1,982,712,995
LIABILITIES		
Liabilities		
Payables - current (Note 1)	\$ 712,745	\$ 755,950
Total Liabilities	 712,745	755,950
NET POSITION		
Net Position - Restricted	2,176,422,689	1,981,957,045
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 2,177,135,434	\$ 1,982,712,995

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

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NC State Investment Fund, Inc.

Statements of Changes in Net Position

For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024			2023	
Additions					
Participant additions	\$	53,113,817	\$	100,909,760	
Investment income		21,887,718		13,197,360	
Realized appreciation on investment transactions, net (Note 2)		72,808,209		78,807,389	
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, net (Note 2)		128,123,253		(60,606,053)	
Total Additions		275,932,997		132,308,456	
Deductions					
Participant withdrawals (Note 1)		73,600,336		72,362,520	
Investment management fees		6,580,867		6,087,522	
Investment custodial fees		261,026		228,618	
Other expenses		1,025,124		863,514	
Total Deductions		81,467,353		79,542,174	
Change in Net Position		194,465,644		52,766,282	
Net Position					
Beginning of year		1,981,957,045		1,929,190,763	
End of year	\$	2,176,422,689	\$	1,981,957,045	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of activities: The NC State Investment Fund, Inc., (the "Fund") is a governmental not-for-profit organization, established in 1998 and began operations in April 1999, as a separately incorporated external investment fund pool, reporting under the guidelines of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, as amended by GASB Statement No. 34. Basic Financial Statement and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus and GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures. An external pool is defined as an arrangement that pools the monies of more than one legally separate entity and invests in an investment portfolio on the participants' behalf. The Fund is classified as a non-rated "2a-7-like" pool which is an external investment pool that is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The original pool, the long-term investment pool (the "LTIP"), was established as an external pooled investment vehicle for North Carolina State University, the Endowment Fund of the University and other University-associated entities' endowed funds. In July 2014, the Fund established a second pool, the NC State Intermediate Term Fund (the "ITF"), as a vehicle to invest the excess operating cash of these entities. Detailed information regarding the participants in the Fund is available in the Supplementary Information section of the financial statements.

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, 72.9% and 75.5%, respectively, of the LTIP was managed by UNC Management Company ("UNCMC") as a member of the UNC Investment Fund ("UNCIF"). UNCIF was organized as a North Carolina limited liability company in 2002 and was granted tax-exempt status under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) effective July 1, 2008. Effective July 1, 2009, UNCMC adopted GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, which addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments.

A summary of the Fund's significant accounting policies follows:

<u>Basis of accounting/measurement focus</u>: The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

As permitted under GASB Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*, the Fund has elected not to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements of Financial Accounting Standards issued after November 30, 1989, unless the GASB amends its pronouncements to specifically adopt FASB pronouncements issued after that date.

<u>Cash and cash equivalents:</u> This classification includes deposits held by the State Treasurer in the Short-Term Investment Fund (the "STIF"). The STIF is not FDIC insured and has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that participants may deposit additional cash at any time and also may withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. Cash and cash equivalents held by the LTIP and the ITF at June 30, 2024 were \$54,447,645 and \$1,737,590, respectively. Cash and cash equivalents held by the LTIP and the ITF at June 30, 2023 were \$105,603,696 and \$3,616,333, respectively.

Note 1. Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Intermediate term investments: This classification includes investments in publicly traded mutual funds, separately managed accounts, U.S. Treasuries and STIF. The mutual funds hold securities with an average duration of less than five years, are traded on a recognized securities exchange, and will be valued at that day's last reported trade price or the official closing price on the exchange where the funds are primarily traded. Separately managed accounts are valued at that day's official closing price on the public exchange where the funds are primarily traded.

Long-term investments: This classification includes investments in a 501(c)(3) limited liability company (UNCIF), private assets, the BlackRock Liquid Policy Portfolio ("LPP"), separately managed accounts, U.S. Treasuries and STIF. UNCIF's investments are managed by external investment firms and advisors and are diversified both by asset class (e.g., common stocks and fixed income securities) and within asset classes (e.g., by economic sector, geographic area, industry, quality, and size). The fair values of all debt and equity securities with readily determinable fair values are based on quoted market prices for UNCIF. Investments for which a readily determinable fair value does not exist may include investments in venture capital funds, hedge funds, and limited partnerships for which underlying securities may include marketable debt and equity securities. These investments are carried at estimated fair values as provided by the respective fund managers of the investments. UNCMC, the investment manager of UNCIF, reviews and evaluates the values provided by the fund managers as well as the valuation methods and assumptions used in determining the fair value of such investments. Those estimated fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for these securities existed.

Private equities include venture capital partnerships, buy-outs, and growth funds invested domestically as well as globally. The valuation of the underlying private companies requires significant judgment and interpretation by the general partners of the underlying investment partnerships due to the absence of quoted market values, inherent lack of liquidity and the long-term nature of such investments. Private companies are initially valued based upon transaction price, with subsequent adjustments to values which reflect the consideration of available market data, primarily including observations of the trading multiples of public companies considered comparable to the private companies being valued. Valuations are also adjusted to give consideration to the financial condition and operating results specific to the issuer, the lack of liquidity inherent in a non-public investment, credit markets, and the fact that comparable public companies are not identical to the companies being valued. Changes in unrealized appreciation on the carrying value of investments are reported in the accompanying Statements of Changes in Net Position.

Separately managed accounts are valued at that day's official closing price on the public exchange where the funds are primarily traded.

BlackRock values the LPP's exchange-traded funds (the "ETFs") at fair value each day. The BlackRock Global Valuation Methodologies Committee oversees the valuation of investments for the LPP. ETFs traded on a recognized securities exchange are valued at that day's last reported trade price or the official closing price on the exchange where the ETF is primarily traded. If these methods yield a price for an investment deemed not representative of the fair value of the investment or if a price is not available, the investment will be valued based upon the price that the LPP can reasonably expect to receive from the current sale of that asset in an arm's-length transaction.

Note 1. Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Payables</u>: Payables at June 30, 2024 consist of LTIP investment management fees due to UNCMC. Payables at June 30, 2023 consist of LTIP and ITF custodial fees due to Bank of New York Mellon for accounting services rendered and LTIP investment management fees due to UNCMC.

Participant withdrawals: Participants withdraw funds from the Fund each fiscal year based on spending needs.

<u>Income taxes</u>: The Fund is exempt from income taxes as a not-for-profit organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3). The Fund is not a private foundation because it is an organization described in Internal Revenue Code Section 509(a)(3).

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to evaluate tax positions taken by the Fund and recognize a tax liability (or asset) if the Fund has taken an uncertain position that more likely than not would be not sustained upon examination by the IRS. Management has analyzed the tax positions taken by the Fund, and has concluded that as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 there are no uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability (or asset) or disclosure in the financial statements. The Fund is subject to routine audits by taxing jurisdictions; however, there are currently no audits for any tax periods in progress. Management believes the Fund is no longer subject to income tax examinations for tax years prior to 2020.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of additions and deductions during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

<u>Reclassification</u>: Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported change in net position.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

<u>Deposits</u>: During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Fund invested cash in the STIF pursuant to G.S. 147-69.3 (b) and the North Carolina Administrative Code (20 NCAC 1G. 0207) which allows for certain entities having funds not required to be deposited with the State Treasurer to voluntarily deposit them with the State Treasurer for investment purposes.

The STIF is an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and does not have a credit rating and had a weighted average maturity of 1.4 and .7 years as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Assets and shares of the STIF are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Deposit and investment risks associated with the State Treasurer's Investment Pool, which includes the STIF, are incorporated in the State of North Carolina's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. An electronic version of this report is available on the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's website, http://www.osc.nc.gov.

<u>Investments</u>: The Fund's oversight is provided by the Fund's Members Board and its Board of Directors. The Members Board is responsible for providing governance and oversight to the Fund. The Board of Directors' primary role is to oversee the investment program, including development of the Investment Policy, in a prudent manner with regard to preserving principal while providing reasonable returns.

The Fund's third party service provider compiles fair value information based on published market rates in order to determine the net asset value of the Fund each month. Each participant holds Master Trust Units ("Units") of the Fund. The Unit price fluctuates based on the investment return of the investment pool. The Unit price is determined by dividing the net asset value of the investment pool by the total number of Units held by the participants. There are no involuntary participants in the Fund. The Fund has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the pool's investments. In the management of the Fund, the Members Board and Board of Directors are responsible for exercising ordinary business care and prudence under the facts and circumstances prevailing at the time of an action or decision. The Fund believes it is in compliance with all legal, regulatory or contractual provisions including the investment policy of the Fund and the laws and regulations of the State of North Carolina.

The Fund's equity position in UNCIF was \$1,337,629,158 and \$1,252,843,007 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. UNCIF is an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and does not have a credit rating. Asset and ownership interests of UNCIF are determined on a monthly market unit valuation basis. UNCIF reviews and evaluates the values provided by the fund managers as well as the valuation methods and assumptions used in determining the fair value of such investments. Those estimated fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for these securities existed. The policies surrounding normal spending distributions (provided the aggregate amount does not exceed 7% of the prior fiscal year end market value) and other routine withdrawals (up to an aggregate amount of \$25 million during any given fiscal quarter) require a thirty day notice period. For withdrawals up to \$75 million (aggregated with routine withdrawals), a ninety day notice is required and funds may be withdrawn on a quarterly basis. If aggregate withdrawal requests from all participants in one quarter exceed more than 1% of UNCIF's net asset value, determined as of the prior fiscal quarter-end, the amount of withdrawals will be prorated by the request amount such that no more than 1% of UNCIF's net assets are paid out in one quarter. Final payment of a complete withdrawal is subject to a 5% holdback pending the completion of the audit for the fiscal year in which the final payment is expected.

<u>Realized and unrealized appreciation</u>: The Fund realized net appreciation of \$72,808,209 and \$78,807,389 from the sale of investments for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The calculation of realized appreciation is independent of the calculation of the net increase in the fair value of investments. The change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$128,123,253 and \$(60,606,053), respectively. These amounts take into account all changes in the fair values (including appreciation and depreciation) that occurred during the respective periods. The cumulative net unrealized appreciation on investments held at June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$908,471,579 and \$780,348,326, respectively.

<u>Investment and deposit risk</u>: Deposit and investment risks associated with the State Treasurer's Investment Pool (which includes the State Treasurer's STIF) are included in the State of North Carolina's *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page *http://www.osc.nc.gov/* or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500. Investment risks associated with UNCIF are included in the audited financial statements of the UNC Investment Fund, LLC which may be obtained from UNC Management Company, Inc., 1400 Environ Way, Chapel Hill, NC 27517.

<u>Credit risk</u>: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Fund does not have a formal policy that addresses credit risk. The Fund minimizes concentrations of credit risk by undertaking transactions in a large number of asset classes across multiple investment managers. The value of securities indirectly held with UNCIF may decline if the issuer or guarantor of a fixed income security is unable or unwilling to make timely principal and/or interest payments, or to otherwise honor its obligations. Securities are subject to varying degrees of credit risk, which are often reflected in credit ratings.

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Fund had the following credit quality distribution for securities with credit exposure (based on S&P ratings):

	June 30, 2024	Aaa/AAA	Aa/AA	Α	Baa/BBB	Less than Investment Grade	Unrated
Money market mutual funds	\$ 35,933,093	\$ 35,933,093	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Collective investment funds	119,856,967	-	24,967,641	-		-	94,889,326
Debt mutual funds	318,353,023	-	87,711,906	215,746,962	-	-	14,894,155
Total	\$ 474,143,083	\$ 35,933,093	\$ 112,679,547	\$ 215,746,962	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109,783,481
U.S. Treasuries	35,132,843						
Total debt securities	\$ 509,275,926						
						Less than Investment	
	June 30, 2023	Aaa/AAA	Aa/AA	Α	Baa/BBB	Grade	Unrated
Collective investment funds	\$ 165,730,172	\$ -	\$ 33,514,645	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ 132,215,527
Debt mutual funds	274,930,411	-	40,494,795	220,739,140	-	-	13,696,476
Total	\$ 440,660,583	\$ -	\$ 74,009,440	\$ 220,739,140	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 145,912,003
U.S. Treasuries	86,089,133						
Total debt securities	\$ 526,749,716						

<u>Custodial credit risk</u>: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Fund follows the Cash Management Plan approved by the North Carolina Office of the State Controller.

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u>: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Fund's investment in a single issuer. For the ITF, 80% of the portfolio should be at least Investment Grade or higher as rated by the Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization ("NRSRO"). No single credit/corporate issuer should constitute more than 5% of the portfolio, except for U.S. Treasuries which may constitute up to 100%. For UNCIF, diversification of credit risk is primarily achieved through asset allocation and augmented by investment mandates established with each external manager. There are no formal limits on the amount UNCIF may invest in any one issuer. However, UNCIF's Statement of Investment Objectives and Guidelines limits the amount that can be managed by an external manager to 10% of UNCIF. The Fund's investment in UNCIF represented 72.9% and 75.5% of its total investments at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk the Fund may face should interest rate variances affect the fair value of investments. The Fund does not have a formal policy that addresses interest rate risk. As nominal interest rates rise, certain fixed income securities held directly or indirectly by the Fund may decline in value. A nominal interest rate can be described as the sum of a real interest rate and an expected inflation rate. Fixed income securities with longer durations tend to be more sensitive to changes in interest rates, usually making them more volatile than securities with shorter durations. Duration is useful primarily as a measure of the sensitivity of a fixed income security's market price to interest rate (yield) movements. A wide variety of factors (central bank monetary policies, inflation rates, general economic conditions, etc.) can cause interest rates to rise. All of these factors, collectively or individually, could cause the Fund to decline in value.

		Invest	tment Maturities (in Years)				
	June 30, 2024	Less Than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10			
Debt securities:							
Money market mutual funds	\$ 35,933,093	\$ 35,933,093	\$-	\$-			
U.S. Treasuries	35,132,843	35,132,843	-	-			
Collective investment funds	119,856,967	94,889,326	-	24,967,641			
Debt mutual funds	318,353,023	-	296,794,981	21,558,042			
Total debt securities	509,275,926	\$ 165,955,262	\$ 296,794,981	\$ 46,525,683			
Other securities:							
Domestic equities	130,006,099						
Hedge funds	31,145,770						
UNC Investment Fund	1,337,629,158						
Private assets	112,180,501						
Total Fund	\$ 2,120,237,454						

The following table presents investments by type and investment subject to interest rate risk at June 30, 2024:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)						
	June 30, 2023	Less Than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10				
Debt securities:								
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 86,089,133	\$ 86,089,133	\$-	\$-				
Collective investment funds	165,730,172	132,215,527	-	33,514,645				
Debt mutual funds	274,930,411	-	250,296,900	24,633,511				
Total debt securities	526,749,716	\$ 218,304,660	\$ 250,296,900	\$ 58,148,156				
Other securities:								
UNC Investment Fund	1,252,843,007							
Private assets	93,254,635							
Total Fund	\$ 1,872,847,358							

The following table presents investments by type and investment subject to interest rate risk at June 30, 2023:

<u>Foreign currency risk</u>: Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The Fund does not have a formal policy that addresses foreign currency risk. The Fund invests indirectly in foreign currencies or in securities that trade in, and receive revenues in, foreign currencies, and is subject to the risk that those currencies will decline in value relative to the base currency of the Fund. Currency rates in foreign countries may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time for a number of reasons, including changes in interest rates, intervention (or the failure to intervene) by U.S. or foreign governments, central banks or supranational entities such as the International Monetary Fund, or by the imposition of currency controls or other political developments in the U.S. or abroad. As a result, the Fund's investments in foreign currency-denominated securities may reduce the Fund's returns.

<u>Fair value measurements</u>: To the extent available, the Fund's investments are recorded at fair value as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This statement establishes a hierarchy of valuation inputs based on the extent to which the inputs are observable in the marketplace. Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and take into account the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions. Inputs may include price information, credit data, interest and yield curve data, and other factors specific to the financial instrument. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources. In contrast, unobservable inputs reflect the entity's assumptions about how market participants would value the financial instrument. Valuation techniques should maximize the use of observable inputs to the extent available.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following describes the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value and the primary valuation methodologies used for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Level 1	Investments whose values are based on quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
Level 2	Investments with inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
Level 3	Investments classified as Level 3 have unobservable inputs and may require a degree of professional judgment.

Fair value measurements for which the readily determinable fair market value was not available are reported using net asset value ("NAV").

At June 30, 2024, the Fund measured its investments using fair value and net asset values as follows:

	June 30, 2024		2024 Level 1			Level 2	Level 3		
STIF	\$	56,185,235	\$	-	\$	56,185,235	\$	-	
Money market funds		35,933,093		35,933,093					
U.S. Treasuries		35,132,843		35,132,843		-		-	
Collective investment funds		119,856,967		119,856,967		-		-	
Debt mutual funds		318,353,023		318,353,023		-		-	
Total investments measured at fair value		565,461,161	\$	509,275,926	\$	56,185,235	\$	-	
Total investments measured at NAV		1,610,961,528							
Total fund	\$	2,176,422,689							
Investments measured at NAV:	J	une 30, 2024		Unfunded ommitments		Redemption f	•	•	
Domestic equities	\$	130,006,099	\$	-					
Hedge funds		31,145,770		-					
UNC Investment Fund		1,337,629,158		-	Var	ies, see page 17	for de	tails	
Private assets		112,180,501		102,019,123	Not	eligible			
Total investments measured at NAV	\$	1,610,961,528	\$	102,019,123					

	June 30, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
STIF	\$ 109,220,029	\$ -	\$ 109,220,029	\$ -
U.S. Treasuries	86,089,133	86,089,133	-	-
Collective investment funds	165,730,172	165,730,172	-	-
Debt mutual funds	274,930,411	274,930,411	-	-
Total investments measured at fair value	635,969,745	\$ 526,749,716	\$ 109,220,029	\$-
Total investments measured at NAV	1,346,097,642			
Total fund	\$ 1,982,067,387			
Investments measured at NAV:				
Investments measured at NAV:	June 30, 2023	Unfunded commitments	Redemption frequency and redemption notice period	
UNC Investment Fund	\$ 1,252,843,007	\$ -	Varies, see page 17	for details
Private assets	93,254,635	67,120,969	Not eligible	
Total investments measured at NAV	\$ 1,346,097,642	\$ 67,120,969		

At June 30, 2023, the Fund measured its investments using fair value and net asset values as follows:

Note 3. Risk Management

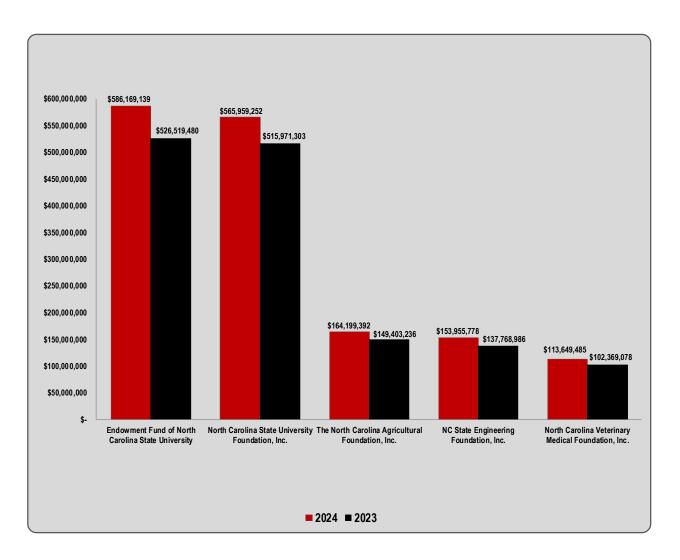
The Fund is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of assets and errors and omissions. The Fund's affairs are conducted by employees of North Carolina State University and exposures to loss resulting from this arrangement are handled by the University through a combination of methods, including participation in various risk pools administered by the State of North Carolina, purchase of commercial insurance and self-retention of certain risks. Additional details on the University's risk management program are disclosed in the financial report of the University located at *www.fis.ncsu.edu/controller/financial_reports*. During fiscal years 2024 and 2023, the Fund purchased Directors and Officers Liability Insurance to insure those individuals serving on the Members Board, Board of Directors, and the officers who are employees of North Carolina State University acting on behalf of the Fund.

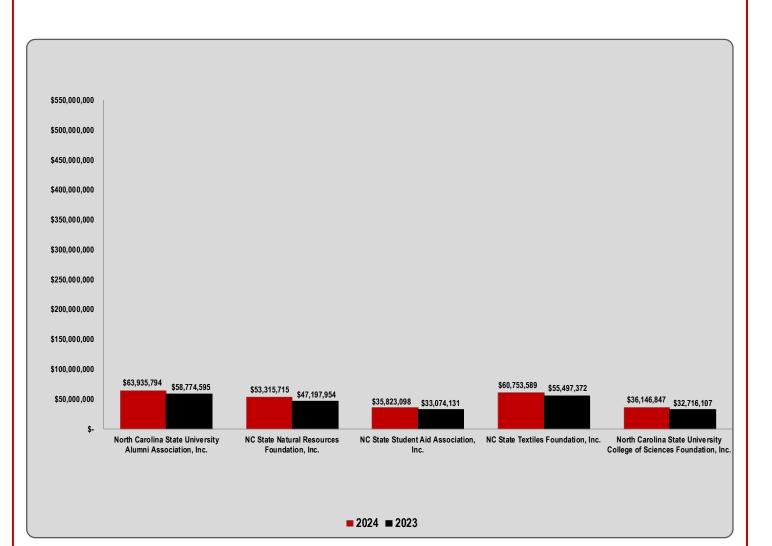
Note 4. Subsequent Events

The Fund has evaluated subsequent events through August 23, 2024, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued, and there were no subsequent events to report.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Participants' Net Position Graph - Long-Term Investment Pool (LTIP)





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NC State Investment Fund, Inc.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATTERS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors NC State Investment Fund, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of NC State Investment Fund, Inc. (the "Fund") as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 23, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered the Fund's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audits we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Greensboro 328 E. Market Street, Suite 100 Greensboro, NC 27401 336.275.1686 Raleigh 2501 Atrium Drive, Suite 500 Raleigh, NC 27607 919.782.3444 Wilmington 1508 Military Cutoff Road, Suite 300 Wilmington, NC 28403 910.509.0803



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fund's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audits, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Williams Dverman Pierce, LLP

Greensboro, North Carolina August 23, 2024